Lohakit Metal Public Company Limited and its subsidiaries Report and consolidated and separate financial statements 31 March 2025

# Independent Auditor's Report

To the Shareholders of Lohakit Metal Public Company Limited

# Opinion

I have audited the accompanying consolidated financial statements of Lohakit Metal Public Company Limited and its subsidiaries (the Group), which comprise the consolidated statement of financial position as at 31 March 2025, and the related consolidated statements of income, comprehensive income, changes in shareholders' equity and cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the consolidated financial statements, including material accounting policy information, and have also audited the separate financial statements of Lohakit Metal Public Company Limited for the same period (collectively "the financial statements").

In my opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Lohakit Metal Public Company Limited and its subsidiaries and of Lohakit Metal Public Company Limited as at 31 March 2025, their financial performance and cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Thai Financial Reporting Standards.

# **Basis for Opinion**

I conducted my audit in accordance with Thai Standards on Auditing. My responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements* section of my report. I am independent of the Company in accordance with the *Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants including Independence Standards* issued by the Federation of Accounting Professions (Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants) that are relevant to my audit of the financial statements, and I have fulfilled my other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants. I believe that the audit evidence I have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my opinion.

# **Key Audit Matters**

Key audit matters are those matters that, in my professional judgement, were of most significance in my audit of the financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of my audit of the financial statements as a whole, and in forming my opinion thereon, and I do not provide a separate opinion on these matters. I have fulfilled the responsibilities described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements* section of my report, including in relation to these matters. Accordingly, my audit included the performance of procedures designed to respond to my assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements. The results of my audit procedures, including the procedures performed to address the matters below, provide the basis for my audit opinion on the accompanying financial statements as a whole.

Key audit matters and how audit procedures performed in response to each matter are described below.

# **Revenue recognition**

Revenue from sales of the Group are significant amount and the Group sell their goods to a large number of customers under different commercial terms. I therefore determined revenue recognition as a key audit matter and focused on the occurrence of revenue recognition.

I performed audit procedures on the recognition of revenue from sales of the Group including:

- Assessed and tested the Group's internal controls with respect to the revenue cycle by making enquiry of responsible executives, gaining an understanding of the controls and selecting representative samples to test the operation of the designed controls.
- Applied a sampling method to select sales documents to assess whether revenue recognition was consistent with the conditions of the relevant agreement, and whether it was in compliance with the Group's policy.
- On a sampling basis, examined supporting documents for actual sales transactions occurring during the year and near the end of the accounting period.
- Reviewed credit notes that the Group issued after the end of accounting period.
- Performed analytical procedures on disaggregated data of sales transactions throughout the period.

# Allowance for diminution in value of inventories

As at 31 March 2025, the Group had outstanding inventories of Baht 641 million and inventories are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Estimating the net realisable value of inventories, as disclosed in Note 9 to the consolidated financial statements, is an area of significant management judgment, particularly with regard to the estimation of allowance for diminution in the value of slow-moving and obsolete inventories. This requires detailed analysis of the product life cycle.

I assessed the determination of the allowance for diminution in the value of inventories. The procedures that I performed as follows:

- Gained an understanding of the methods and assumptions applied by the management in determining the allowance for diminution in value of inventories, and reviewed the consistency of the application of that basis.
- Compared the inventory holding periods and inventory movements to identify product lines with indicators of lower than normal inventory turnover.
- Compared proceeds net selling price from sales transactions occurring after the date of the financial statements with the cost of inventory for each group of products.

# **Other Information**

Management is responsible for the other information. The other information comprise the information included in annual report of the Group, but does not include the financial statements and my auditor's report thereon. The annual report of the Group is expected to be made available to me after the date of this auditor's report.

My opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and I do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with my audit of the financial statements, my responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or my knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

When I read the annual report of the Group, if I conclude that there is a material misstatement therein, I am required to communicate the matter to those charged with governance for correction of the misstatement.

# Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with Thai Financial Reporting Standards, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Group or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Group's financial reporting process.

# Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

My objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes my opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Thai Standards on Auditing will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with Thai Standards on Auditing, I exercise professional judgement and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. I also:

 Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.

- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Group's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. If I conclude that a material uncertainty exists, I am required to draw attention in my auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify my opinion. My conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of my auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the entities or business activities within the group to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. I am responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the group audit. I remain solely responsible for my audit opinion.

I communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that I identify during my audit.

I also provide those charged with governance with a statement that I have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on my independence, and where applicable, related safeguards. From the matters communicated with those charged with governance, I determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. I describe these matters in my auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, I determine that a matter should not be communicated in my report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

I am responsible for the audit resulting in this independent audit's report.

Orawan Techawatanasirikul Certified Public Accountant (Thailand) No. 4807

EY Office Limited Bangkok: 29 May 2025

#### Statement of financial position

As at 31 March 2025

					(Unit: Baht)
		Consolidated fina	ancial statements	Separate finan	cial statements
	Note	2025	2024	2025	2024
Assets					
Current assets					
Cash and cash equivalents	7	361,436,597	416,255,155	250,976,660	310,461,768
Trade and other current receivables	6, 8	576,650,395	503,184,801	235,691,825	195,324,263
Inventories	9	640,530,202	518,522,855	303,359,718	207,503,033
Other current financial assets	10	-	14,636,312	-	-
Other current assets		6,551,345	3,502,922	5,011,396	2,241,153
Total current assets		1,585,168,539	1,456,102,045	795,039,599	715,530,217
Non-current assets					
Restricted bank deposits	11	46,180,000	46,180,000	6,080,000	6,080,000
Other non-current financial assets	12	2,560,540	2,586,145	-	-
Investment in associate	13	10,231,533	8,022,750	4,900,000	4,900,000
Investments in subsidiaries	14	-	-	405,032,523	405,103,289
Property, plant and equipment	15	437,413,642	459,666,978	230,954,684	242,235,572
Intangible assets	16	8,300,460	7,014,324	3,227,596	3,314,772
Deferred tax assets	23	12,784,099	12,934,670	6,858,289	7,887,998
Other non-current assets		3,560,769	3,523,769	2,557,590	2,567,590
Total non-current assets		521,031,043	539,928,636	659,610,682	672,089,221
Total assets		2,106,199,582	1,996,030,681	1,454,650,281	1,387,619,438

#### Statement of financial position (continued)

As at 31 March 2025

					(Unit: Baht)	
		Consolidated financial statements		Separate financial statements		
	Note	2025	2024	2025	2024	
Liabilities and shareholders' equity						
Current liabilities						
Bank overdrafts and short-term loans from banks	17	80,091,145	44,833,252	1,900,282	2,503,064	
Trade and other current payables	6, 18	431,256,773	382,744,494	228,145,631	170,882,505	
Current portion of lease liabilities	19	1,906,600	3,630,796	1,439,934	3,328,100	
Corporate income tax payable		19,931,787	14,103,778	2,914,195	-	
Other current liabilities		7,300,499	8,121,273	2,820,296	3,067,641	
Total current liabilities		540,486,804	453,433,593	237,220,338	179,781,310	
Non-current liabilities						
Lease liabilities, net of current portion	19	1,262,387	2,465,931	-	1,439,934	
Non-current provision for employee benefits	20	33,994,476	31,819,684	17,745,063	16,807,597	
Deferred tax liabilities	23	-	19,697	-	-	
Other non-current liabilities		1,200	1,200	-	-	
Total non-current liabilities		35,258,063	34,306,512	17,745,063	18,247,531	
Total liabilities		575,744,867	487,740,105	254,965,401	198,028,841	

#### Statement of financial position (continued)

As at 31 March 2025

					(Unit: Baht)
		Consolidated fina	ancial statements	Separate finan	cial statements
	Note	2025	2024	2025	2024
Shareholders' equity					
Share capital					
Registered					
383,000,000 ordinary shares of Baht 1 each		383,000,000	383,000,000	383,000,000	383,000,000
Issued and fully paid-up					
383,000,000 ordinary shares of Baht 1 each		383,000,000	383,000,000	383,000,000	383,000,000
Share premium		519,672,600	519,672,600	519,672,600	519,672,600
Retained earnings					
Appropriated - statutory reserve	21	38,300,000	38,300,000	38,300,000	38,300,000
Unappropriated		430,685,997	412,974,531	258,712,280	248,617,997
Equity attributable to owners of the Company		1,371,658,597	1,353,947,131	1,199,684,880	1,189,590,597
Non-controlling interests of the subsidiary		158,796,118	154,343,445	-	-
Total shareholders' equity		1,530,454,715	1,508,290,576	1,199,684,880	1,189,590,597
Total liabilities and shareholders' equity		2,106,199,582	1,996,030,681	1,454,650,281	1,387,619,438
		-	-	-	-

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

Directors

#### Statement of income

For the year ended 31 March 2025

					(Unit: Baht)
		Consolidated fina	ancial statements	Separate finan	cial statements
	Note	2025	2024	2025	2024
Profit or loss:					
Revenues					
Sales and service income		2,690,376,449	2,631,621,096	1,095,572,110	947,626,763
Dividend income	13.2, 14.2	191,784	191,528	74,249,697	93,604,644
Other income		27,661,180	25,456,038	26,649,920	27,138,569
Total revenues		2,718,229,413	2,657,268,662	1,196,471,727	1,068,369,976
Expenses					
Cost of sales and service		2,361,173,872	2,341,306,813	1,004,579,234	884,845,088
Selling and distribution expenses		52,381,092	52,589,377	29,519,477	29,723,380
Administrative expenses		115,656,414	111,095,685	57,008,526	52,870,182
Total expenses		2,529,211,378	2,504,991,875	1,091,107,237	967,438,650
Operating profit		189,018,035	152,276,787	105,364,490	100,931,326
Share of profit from investment in associate	13.2	2,208,783	2,460,395	-	-
Finance cost		(3,677,460)	(3,557,258)	(657,861)	(736,722)
Profit before income tax expenses		187,549,358	151,179,924	104,706,629	100,194,604
Income tax expenses	23	(37,553,523)	(31,031,904)	(6,401,892)	(2,215,716)
Profit for the year		149,995,835	120,148,020	98,304,737	97,978,888
Profit attributable to:					
Equity holders of the Company		105,805,873	79,006,572	98,304,737	97,978,888
Non-controlling interests of the subsidiary		44,189,962	41,141,448		
		149,995,835	120,148,020		
Earnings per share	24				
Basic earnings per share					
Profit attributable to equity holders of the Compan	y (Baht)	0.28	0.21	0.26	0.26
	,		:		
Weighted average number of ordinary shares (sha	ares)	383,000,000	383,000,000	383,000,000	383,000,000

#### Statement of comprehensive income

For the year ended 31 March 2025

NoteConsolidated financial statementsSeparate financial statementsNote2025202420252024Profit for the year149,995,835120,148,02098,304,73797,978,888Other comprehensive income:0ther comprehensive income not to be reclassified to profit or loss in subsequent periods70,129,148,02098,304,73797,978,888Remeasurement gain (loss) ondefined benefit plan- net of income tax20,2398,607(1,595,448)(120,454)(539,818)Other comprehensive income for the year98,607(1,595,448)(120,454)(539,818)(539,818)Other comprehensive income for the year150,094,442118,552,57298,184,28397,439,070Total comprehensive income attributable toEquity holders of the Company105,801,76977,722,38798,184,28397,439,070Non-controlling interests of the subsidiary44,292,67340,830,18540,830,185118,552,572Total comprehensive income for the year150,094,442118,552,57298,184,28397,439,070						(Unit: Baht)	
Profit for the year149,995,835120,148,02098,304,73797,978,888Other comprehensive income0ther comprehensive income not to be reclassified to profit or loss in subsequent periodsRemeasurement gain (loss) on defined benefit plan- net of income tax20, 2398,607(1,595,448)(120,454)(539,818)Other comprehensive income for the year98,607(1,595,448)(120,454)(539,818)Total comprehensive income for the year150,094,442118,552,57298,184,28397,439,070Total comprehensive income attributable to Equity holders of the Company105,801,76977,722,38798,184,28397,439,070Non-controlling interests of the subsidiary44,292,67340,830,185106,801,856106,801,856			Consolidated fina	ncial statements	Separate financial statements		
Other comprehensive income:      Other comprehensive income not to be reclassified      to profit or loss in subsequent periods      Remeasurement gain (loss) on      defined benefit plan- net of income tax    20, 23      98,607    (1,595,448)      Other comprehensive income for the year      98,607    (1,595,448)      Other comprehensive income for the year      150,094,442    118,552,572      98,184,283    97,439,070      Total comprehensive income attributable to      Equity holders of the Company    105,801,769    77,722,387    98,184,283    97,439,070      Non-controlling interests of the subsidiary    44,292,673    40,830,185    97,439,070		Note	2025	2024	2025	2024	
Other comprehensive income:      Other comprehensive income not to be reclassified      to profit or loss in subsequent periods      Remeasurement gain (loss) on      defined benefit plan- net of income tax    20, 23      98,607    (1,595,448)      Other comprehensive income for the year      98,607    (1,595,448)      Other comprehensive income for the year      150,094,442    118,552,572      98,184,283    97,439,070      Total comprehensive income attributable to      Equity holders of the Company    105,801,769    77,722,387    98,184,283    97,439,070      Non-controlling interests of the subsidiary    44,292,673    40,830,185    97,439,070							
Other comprehensive income not to be reclassified to profit or loss in subsequent periodsRemeasurement gain (loss) on defined benefit plan- net of income tax20, 2398,607(1,595,448)(120,454)(539,818)Other comprehensive income for the year98,607(1,595,448)(120,454)(539,818)Total comprehensive income for the year150,094,442118,552,57298,184,28397,439,070Total comprehensive income attributable to Equity holders of the Company105,801,76977,722,38798,184,28397,439,070Non-controlling interests of the subsidiary44,292,67340,830,18540,830,185100,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000	Profit for the year		149,995,835	120,148,020	98,304,737	97,978,888	
Other comprehensive income not to be reclassified to profit or loss in subsequent periodsRemeasurement gain (loss) on defined benefit plan- net of income tax20, 2398,607(1,595,448)(120,454)(539,818)Other comprehensive income for the year98,607(1,595,448)(120,454)(539,818)Total comprehensive income for the year150,094,442118,552,57298,184,28397,439,070Total comprehensive income attributable to Equity holders of the Company105,801,76977,722,38798,184,28397,439,070Non-controlling interests of the subsidiary44,292,67340,830,18540,830,185100,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000,000							
to profit or loss in subsequent periods Remeasurement gain (loss) on defined benefit plan- net of income tax 20, 23 98,607 (1,595,448) (120,454) (539,818) Other comprehensive income for the year 98,607 (1,595,448) (120,454) (539,818) Total comprehensive income for the year 150,094,442 118,552,572 98,184,283 97,439,070 Total comprehensive income attributable to Equity holders of the Company 105,801,769 77,722,387 98,184,283 97,439,070 Non-controlling interests of the subsidiary 44,292,673 40,830,185	Other comprehensive income:						
Remeasurement gain (loss) on      defined benefit plan- net of income tax    20, 23    98,607    (1,595,448)    (120,454)    (539,818)      Other comprehensive income for the year    98,607    (1,595,448)    (120,454)    (539,818)      Total comprehensive income for the year    150,094,442    118,552,572    98,184,283    97,439,070      Total comprehensive income attributable to    105,801,769    77,722,387    98,184,283    97,439,070      Non-controlling interests of the subsidiary    44,292,673    40,830,185    97,439,070	Other comprehensive income not to be reclassified						
defined benefit plan- net of income tax    20, 23    98,607    (1,595,448)    (120,454)    (539,818)      Other comprehensive income for the year    98,607    (1,595,448)    (120,454)    (539,818)      Total comprehensive income for the year    150,094,442    118,552,572    98,184,283    97,439,070      Total comprehensive income attributable to    105,801,769    77,722,387    98,184,283    97,439,070      Non-controlling interests of the subsidiary    44,292,673    40,830,185    97,439,070	to profit or loss in subsequent periods						
Other comprehensive income for the year      98,607      (1,595,448)      (120,454)      (539,818)        Total comprehensive income for the year      150,094,442      118,552,572      98,184,283      97,439,070        Total comprehensive income attributable to      105,801,769      77,722,387      98,184,283      97,439,070        Non-controlling interests of the subsidiary      44,292,673      40,830,185      97,439,070	Remeasurement gain (loss) on						
Total comprehensive income for the year    150,094,442    118,552,572    98,184,283    97,439,070      Total comprehensive income attributable to    105,801,769    77,722,387    98,184,283    97,439,070      Non-controlling interests of the subsidiary    44,292,673    40,830,185    97,439,070	defined benefit plan- net of income tax	20, 23	98,607	(1,595,448)	(120,454)	(539,818)	
Total comprehensive income attributable toEquity holders of the Company105,801,76977,722,38798,184,28397,439,070Non-controlling interests of the subsidiary44,292,67340,830,185	Other comprehensive income for the year		98,607	(1,595,448)	(120,454)	(539,818)	
Total comprehensive income attributable toEquity holders of the Company105,801,76977,722,38798,184,28397,439,070Non-controlling interests of the subsidiary44,292,67340,830,185							
Equity holders of the Company    105,801,769    77,722,387    98,184,283    97,439,070      Non-controlling interests of the subsidiary    44,292,673    40,830,185	Total comprehensive income for the year		150,094,442	118,552,572	98,184,283	97,439,070	
Equity holders of the Company    105,801,769    77,722,387    98,184,283    97,439,070      Non-controlling interests of the subsidiary    44,292,673    40,830,185							
Non-controlling interests of the subsidiary44,292,67340,830,185	Total comprehensive income attributable to						
	Equity holders of the Company		105,801,769	77,722,387	98,184,283	97,439,070	
Total comprehensive income for the year  150,094,442  118,552,572	Non-controlling interests of the subsidiary		44,292,673	40,830,185			
	Total comprehensive income for the year		150,094,442	118,552,572			

Statement of changes in shareholders' equity

For the year ended 31 March 2025

	Consolidated financial statements							
	Equity attributable to owners of the Company							
					Total equity	Equity attributable		
	Issued and		Retained	earnings	attributable to	to non-controlling	Total	
	paid-up	Share	Appropriated -		owners of	interests of	shareholders'	
Note	share capital	premium	statutory reserve	Unappropriated	the Company	the subsidiary	equity	
	383,000,000	519,672,600	38,300,000	423,342,504	1,364,315,104	161,033,260	1,525,348,364	
	-	-	-	79,006,572	79,006,572	41,141,448	120,148,020	
	-	-	-	(1,284,185)	(1,284,185)	(311,263)	(1,595,448)	
	-	-	-	77,722,387	77,722,387	40,830,185	118,552,572	
27	-	-	-	(88,090,360)	(88,090,360)	-	(88,090,360)	
	-	-	-	-	-	(47,520,000)	(47,520,000)	
	383,000,000	519,672,600	38,300,000	412,974,531	1,353,947,131	154,343,445	1,508,290,576	
	383,000,000	519,672,600	38,300,000	412,974,531	1,353,947,131	154,343,445	1,508,290,576	
	-	-	-	105,805,873	105,805,873	44,189,962	149,995,835	
	-	-	-	(4,104)	(4,104)	102,711	98,607	
				105,801,769	105,801,769	44,292,673	150,094,442	
27	-	-	-	(88,090,303)	(88,090,303)	-	(88,090,303)	
	-	-	-	-	-	(39,840,000)	(39,840,000)	
	383,000,000	519,672,600	38,300,000	430,685,997	1,371,658,597	158,796,118	1,530,454,715	
	27	Note      share capital        383,000,000      -        -      -        27      -        27      -        383,000,000      -        383,000,000      -        383,000,000      -        27      -        27      -        27      -        27      -        27      -        27      -        27      -        27      -	Issued and      Share        Note      share capital      premium        383,000,000      519,672,600        -      -        -      -        27      -        383,000,000      519,672,600        -      -        27      -        383,000,000      519,672,600        383,000,000      519,672,600        -      -        27      -        27      -        27      -        27      -        27      -        27      -        27      -        27      -	Equity attributable to owners of the share capital      Retained        Note      share capital      premium      statutory reserve        383,000,000      519,672,600      38,300,000        -      -      -        -	Equity attributable to owners of the Company        Issued and paid-up      Retained earnings        Note      share capital      premium      statutory reserve      Unappropriated        383,000,000      519,672,600      38,300,000      423,342,504        -      -      -      79,006,572        -      -      -      (1,284,185)        -      -      -      (1,284,185)        -      -      -      (1,284,185)        -      -      -      (1,284,185)        -      -      -      (88,090,360)        -      -      -      -        383,000,000      519,672,600      38,300,000      412,974,531        383,000,000      519,672,600      38,300,000      412,974,531        -      -      -      -      -        383,000,000      519,672,600      38,300,000      412,974,531        -      -      -      105,805,873        -      -      -      -      105,801,769        27      -      -      -      -	Equity attributable to owners of the Company        Total equity        Issued and      Retained earnings      attributable to        paid-up      Share      Appropriated -      owners of        Note      share capital      premium      statutory reserve      Unappropriated      the Company        383,000,000      519,672,600      38,300,000      423,342,504      1,364,315,104        -      -      -      79,006,572      79,006,572        -      -      -      (1,284,185)      (1,284,185)        -      -      -      (88,090,360)      (88,090,360)        -      -      -      (88,090,360)      (88,090,360)        -      -      -      -      -        383,000,000      519,672,600      38,300,000      412,974,531      1,353,947,131        -      -      -      105,805,873      105,805,873        -      -      -      105,801,769      105,801,769        -      -      -      -      -        -      -      -      -	Equity attributable to owners of the Company      Total equity      Equity attributable        Total equity      Equity attributable to owners of the Company        Issued and      Retained earnings      Total equity      Equity attributable        Note      share capital      Premium      Statutory reserve      Unappropriated      the Company      the subsidiary        383,000,000      519,672,600      38,300,000      423,342,504      1,364,315,104      161,033,260        -      -      -      79,006,572      79,006,572      41,141,448        -      -      -      77,722,387      77,722,387      40,830,185        27      -      -      -      (1,284,185)      (1,284,185)      (311,263)        27      -      -      -      (47,520,000)      -      -        383,000,000      519,672,600      38,300,000      412,974,531      1,353,947,131      154,343,445        383,000,000      519,672,600      38,300,000      412,974,531      1,353,947,131      154,343,445 </td	

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The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

(Unit: Baht)

# Lohakit Metal Public Company Limited and its subsidiaries Statement of changes in shareholders' equity (continued) For the year ended 31 March 2025

(Unit: Baht)

		Separate financial statements				
		Issued and fully		Retained	earnings	Total
		paid-up		Appropriated -		shareholders'
	Note	share capital	Share premium	statutory reserve	Unappropriated	equity
Balance as at 1 April 2023		383,000,000	519,672,600	38,300,000	239,268,927	1,180,241,527
Profit for the year		-	-	-	97,978,888	97,978,888
Other comprehensive income for the year		-	-	-	(539,818)	(539,818)
Total comprehensive income for the year		-	-	-	97,439,070	97,439,070
Dividend paid	27	-	-	-	(88,090,000)	(88,090,000)
Balance as at 31 March 2024		383,000,000	519,672,600	38,300,000	248,617,997	1,189,590,597
Balance as at 1 April 2024		383,000,000	519,672,600	38,300,000	248,617,997	1,189,590,597
Profit for the year		-	-	-	98,304,737	98,304,737
Other comprehensive income for the year		-	-	-	(120,454)	(120,454)
Total comprehensive income for the year		-	-	-	98,184,283	98,184,283
Dividend paid	27	-	-	-	(88,090,000)	(88,090,000)
Balance as at 31 March 2025		383,000,000	519,672,600	38,300,000	258,712,280	1,199,684,880

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#### Cash flows statement

For the year ended 31 March 2025

				(Unit: Baht)
	Consolidated financial statements		Separate financ	ial statements
	2025	2024	2025	2024
Cash flows from operating activities				
Profit before tax	187,549,358	151,179,924	104,706,629	100,194,604
Adjustments to reconcile profit before tax to				
net cash provided by (used in) operating activities:				
Depreciation	43,274,845	45,466,465	25,428,791	26,255,880
Amortisation	380,109	345,049	154,676	155,100
Bad debt	-	(3,412,345)	-	(3,412,345)
Allowance for expected credit loss (reversal)	216,151	75,759	77,473	(9,504)
Reversal of inventories to net realisable value	(3,089,278)	(4,635,896)	(6,083,655)	(5,723,814)
Allowance for impairment of investment in subsidiary	-	-	70,766	230,808
Gain on sale of investments	(222,088)	-	-	-
Unrealised loss (gain) from fair value measurement of the other				
current financial assets	99,075	(36,061)	-	-
Unrealised loss from fair value measurement of the other				
non-current financial assets	25,605	307,265	-	-
Unrealised loss (gain) on change in fair value in forward contracts	5,862	5,238	(35,800)	46,559
Gain on sales of assets	(2,339,240)	(1,554,605)	(587,441)	(1,432,624)
Non-current provision for employee benefits	2,858,001	3,047,364	1,346,849	1,708,335
Unrealised loss (gain) on foreign exchange	236,912	(145,155)	238,514	(147,109)
Share of profit from investment in associate	(2,208,783)	(2,460,395)	-	-
Dividend income	(191,784)	(191,528)	(74,249,697)	(93,604,644)
Interest income	(600,802)	(441,039)	(121,880)	(73,069)
Interest expenses	2,810,669	2,700,628	165,493	293,574
Profit from operating activities before changes in				
operating assets and liabilities	228,804,612	190,250,668	51,110,718	24,481,751
Operating assets (increase) decrease				
Trade and other current receivables	(73,386,501)	106,538,622	(40,445,035)	28,031,994
Inventories	(118,918,069)	118,846,298	(89,773,030)	117,855,826
Other current assets	(3,252,847)	885,918	(2,974,667)	763,538
Other non-current assets	(37,000)	(195,200)	10,000	(10,000)
Operating liabilities increase (decrease)				
Trade and other current payables	48,543,799	(27,028,276)	57,288,082	18,807,735
Other current liabilities	(785,314)	(1,160,308)	(211,545)	(232,130)
Cash paid for employee benefits	(559,950)	(2,273,613)	(559,950)	(1,306,680)
Cash flows from (used in) operating activities	80,408,730	385,864,109	(25,555,427)	188,392,034
Interest paid	(2,601,359)	(2,375,618)	(30,009)	(25,255)
Corporate income tax paid	(31,414,868)	(31,393,371)	(2,223,451)	(669,910)
Net cash flows from (used in) operating activities	46,392,503	352,095,120	(27,808,887)	187,696,869
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#### Cash flows statement (continued)

For the year ended 31 March 2025

	Consolidated financial statements		Separate financial statements		
	2025	2024	2025	2024	
Cash flows from investing activities					
Cash paid for acquisitions of assets	(20,224,501)	(8,748,704)	(14,149,893)	(6,309,561)	
Cash paid for acquisitions of intangible assets	(1,666,245)	(4,624,000)	(67,500)	(1,917,045)	
Cash paid for purchasing investments in open-end fund	(23,000,000)	(12,000,000)	-	-	
Cash received from returns on investments in open-end fund	7,692,924	-	-	-	
Cash received from sales of investment in open-end fund	29,718,003	-	-	-	
Dividend received	191,784	11,706,528	74,249,697	93,604,644	
Proceeds from sales of assets	2,341,244	1,570,731	589,431	1,448,674	
Interest received	612,634	411,826	121,880	73,069	
Net cash flows from (used in) investing activities	(4,334,157)	(11,683,619)	60,743,615	86,899,781	
Cash flows from financing activities					
Increase (decrease) in bank overdrafts and					
short-term loans from banks	35,257,893	(24,585,594)	(602,782)	(1,674,081)	
Payment of principal portion of lease liabilities	(3,943,100)	(3,729,380)	(3,465,660)	(3,401,580)	
Dividend paid	(127,930,303)	(135,610,360)	(88,090,000)	(88,090,000)	
Net cash flows used in financing activities	(96,615,510)	(163,925,334)	(92,158,442)	(93,165,661)	
Effect of exchange rate	(261,394)	161,590	(261,394)	161,590	
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	(54,818,558)	176,647,757	(59,485,108)	181,592,579	
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of year	416,255,155	239,607,398	310,461,768	128,869,189	
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of year (Note 7)	361,436,597	416,255,155	250,976,660	310,461,768	
	-	-	-	-	
Supplemental cash flows information					
Non-cash items:					
Remeasurement gain (loss) on defined benefit plan	123,259	(1,994,310)	(150,567)	(674,773)	
Increase in right-of-use assets from lease liabilities	799,012	1,594,192	-	-	

(Unit: Baht)

# Lohakit Metal Public Company Limited and its subsidiaries Notes to consolidated financial statements For the year ended 31 March 2025

# 1. General information

Lohakit Metal Public Company Limited ("the Company") is a public company incorporated and domiciled in Thailand. The Company is principally engages in the processing, distribution and shearing of stainless steel, steel and metal products. The registered office of the Company is at 66/1 Moo 6 Suksawad Road, Bangjak, Prapradaeng, Samutprakarn.

#### 2. Basis of preparation

2.1 The financial statements have been prepared in accordance Thai Financial Reporting Standards enunciated under the Accounting Professions Act B.E. 2547. The presentation of the financial statements has been made in compliance with the stipulations of the Notification of the Department of Business Development, issued under the Accounting Act B.E. 2543.

The financial statements in Thai language are the official statutory financial statements of the Company. The financial statements in English language have been translated from the Thai language financial statements.

The financial statements have been prepared on a historical cost basis except where otherwise disclosed in the accounting policies.

#### 2.2 Basis of consolidation

 a) The consolidated financial statements include the financial statements of Lohakit Metal Public Company Limited ("the Company") and the following subsidiary companies ("the subsidiaries") (collectively as "the Group"):

		Country of	Percer	ntage of
Company's name	Nature of business	incorporation	shareholding	
			2025	2024
			(Percent)	(Percent)
Auto Metal Company Limited	Production and distributing stainless steel pipe for automotive industry	Thailand	60	60
Alternative EnMat Company Limited	Distribution of metal and non-ferrous metal products	Thailand	100	100
NSC Metal Company Limited	Distribution of stainless steel, aluminum, brass, copper, zinc and galvanized steel products	Thailand	100	100

- b) The Company is deemed to have control over an investee or subsidiaries if it has rights, or is exposed, to variable returns from its involvement with the investee, and it has the ability to direct the activities that affect the amount of its returns.
- c) Subsidiaries are fully consolidated, being the date on which the Company obtains control, and continue to be consolidated until the date when such control ceases.
- d) The financial statements of the subsidiaries are prepared using the same significant accounting policies as the Company.
- e) Material balances and transactions between the Group have been eliminated from the consolidated financial statements
- f) Non-controlling interests represent the portion of profit or loss and net assets of the subsidiaries that are not held by the Company and are presented separately in the consolidated profit or loss and within equity in the consolidated statement of financial position.
- 2.3 The separate financial statements present investments in subsidiaries and associates under the cost method.

# 3. New financial reporting standards

# 3.1 Financial reporting standards that became effective in the current year

During the year, the Group has adopted the revised financial reporting standards which are effective for fiscal years beginning on or after 1 January 2024. These financial reporting standards were aimed at alignment with the corresponding International Financial Reporting Standards with most of the changes directed towards clarifying accounting treatment and providing accounting guidance for users of the standards.

The adoption of these financial reporting standards does not have any significant impact on the Group's financial statements.

# 3.2 Financial reporting standards that will become effective for fiscal years beginning on or after 1 January 2025

The Federation of Accounting Professions issued a number of revised financial reporting standards, which are effective for fiscal years beginning on or after 1 January 2025. These financial reporting standards were aimed at alignment with the corresponding International Financial Reporting Standards with most of the changes directed towards clarifying accounting treatment and, for some standards, providing temporary reliefs or temporary exemptions for users.

The management of the Group believes that adoption of these amendments will not have any significant impact on the Group's financial statements.

## 4. Significant accounting policies

#### 4.1 Revenue and expense recognition

#### Sales of goods

Revenue from sale of goods is recognised at the point in time when control of the asset is transferred to the customer, generally on delivery of the goods. Revenue is measured at the amount of the consideration received or receivable, excluding value added tax, of goods supplied after deducting discounts.

#### Rendering of services

Service revenue is recognised at a point in time upon completion of the service.

#### Interest income

Interest income is calculated using the effective interest method and recognised on an accrual basis. The effective interest rate is applied to the gross carrying amount of a financial asset, unless the financial assets subsequently become credit-impaired when it is applied to the net carrying amount of the financial asset (net of the expected credit loss allowance).

#### Finance cost

Interest expense from financial liabilities at amortised cost is calculated using the effective interest method and recognised on an accrual basis.

#### Dividends

Dividends are recognised when the right to receive the dividends is established.

#### 4.2 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents consist of cash in hand and at banks, and all highly liquid investments with an original maturity of three months or less and not subject to withdrawal restrictions.

#### 4.3 Inventories

Finished goods and work in process are valued at the lower of cost (under the weighted average method) and net realisable value. The cost of inventories includes all production costs and attributable factory overheads.

Raw materials and supplies are valued at the lower of average cost and net realisable value and are charged to production costs whenever consumed.

Allowance for stock obsolescence is made for damaged, slow-moving and obsolete stock.

#### 4.4 Investments in subsidiaries and associate

Investment in associate is accounted for in the consolidated financial statements using the equity method.

Investments in subsidiaries and associate are accounted for in the separate financial statements using the cost method net of allowance for impairment loss (if any).

# 4.5 Property, plant and equipment / depreciation

Land is stated at cost. Buildings and equipment are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and allowance for loss on impairment of assets (if any).

Depreciation of buildings and equipment are calculated by reference to their costs on a straight-line basis over the following estimated useful lives.

Buildings, fixture and building improvement	-	20 and 5 years
Machinery and equipment	-	5, 10 and 20 years
Furniture and office equipment	-	5 years
Motor vehicles	-	5 years

Depreciation is included in determining income.

No depreciation is provided on land, land improvement and assets under installation and under construction.

An item of property, plant and equipment is derecognised upon disposal or when no future economic benefit are expected from its use or disposal. Any gain or loss arising on disposal of an asset is included in profit or loss when the asset is derecognised.

#### 4.6 Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of an asset that necessarily takes a substantial period of time to get ready for its intended use or sale are capitalised as part of the cost of the respective assets. All other borrowing costs are expensed in the period they are incurred. Borrowing costs consist of interest and other costs that an entity incurs in connection with the borrowing of funds.

#### 4.7 Intangible assets

Following the initial recognition, the intangible assets are recognised at cost less any accumulated amortisation and accumulated impairment losses (if any).

Intangible assets with finite lives are amortised on the straight-line basis over the economic useful life and tested for impairment whenever there is an indication that the intangible asset may be impaired. The amortisation period and the amortisation method of such intangible assets are reviewed at least at each financial year end. The amortisation expense is charged to profit or loss.

The intangible asset with finite useful lives is computer software which has useful lives of 5 years.

# 4.8 Leases

At inception of contract, the Group assesses whether a contract is, or contains, a lease. A contract is, or contains, a lease if the contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration.

# The Group as a lessee

The Group applied a single recognition and measurement approach for all leases, except for short-term leases and leases of low-value assets. At the commencement date of the lease (i.e. the date the underlying asset is available for use), the Group recognises right-of-use assets representing the right to use underlying assets and lease liabilities based on lease payments.

# Right-of-use assets

Right-of-use assets are measured at cost, less accumulated depreciation, any accumulated impairment losses, and adjusted for any remeasurement of lease liabilities. The cost of right-of-use assets includes the amount of lease liabilities initially recognised, initial direct costs incurred, and lease payments made at or before the commencement date of the lease less any lease incentives received.

Depreciation of right-of-use assets are calculated by reference to their costs on the straightline basis over the shorter of their estimated useful lives and the lease term.

Building	3	years
Motor vehicles	5	years

If ownership of the leased asset is transferred to the Group at the end of the lease term or the cost reflects the exercise of a purchase option, depreciation is calculated using the estimated useful life of the asset.

Right-of-use assets are presented as part of property, plant and equipment in the statement of financial position.

#### Lease liabilities

Lease liabilities are measured at the present value of the lease payments to be made over the lease term. The lease payments include fixed payments less any lease incentives receivable, variable lease payments that depend on an index or a rate, and amounts expected to be payable under residual value guarantees. Moreover, the lease payments include the exercise price of a purchase option reasonably certain to be exercised by the Group and payments of penalties for terminating the lease, if the lease term reflects the Group exercising an option to terminate. Variable lease payments that do not depend on an index or a rate are recognised as expenses in the period in which the event or condition that triggers the payment occurs.

The Group discounted the present value of the lease payments by the interest rate implicit in the lease or the Group's incremental borrowing rate. After the commencement date, the amount of lease liabilities is increased to reflect the accretion of interest and reduced for the lease payments made. In addition, the carrying amount of lease liabilities is remeasured if there is a change in the lease term, a change in the lease payments or a change in the assessment of an option to purchase the underlying asset.

#### Short-term leases and leases of low-value assets

A lease that has a lease term less than or equal to 12 months from commencement date or a lease of low-value assets is recognised as expenses on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

#### 4.9 Related party transactions

Related parties comprise individuals or enterprises that control, or are controlled by, the Company, whether directly or indirectly, or which are under common control with the Company.

They also include associates, and individuals or enterprises which directly or indirectly own a voting interest in the Company that gives them significant influence over the Company, key management personnel, directors, and officers with authority in the planning and direction of the Company's operations.

#### 4.10 Foreign currencies

The consolidated and separate financial statements are presented in Baht, which is also the Group's functional currency.

Transactions in foreign currencies are translated into Baht at the exchange rate ruling at the date of the transaction. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated into Baht at the exchange rate ruling at the end of reporting period.

Gains and losses on exchange are included in determining income.

#### 4.11 Impairment of non-financial assets

At the end of each reporting period, the Group performs impairment reviews in respect of the property, plant and equipment, right-of-use assets or intangible assets whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that an asset may be impaired. An impairment loss is recognised when the recoverable amount of an asset, which is the higher of the asset's fair value less costs to sell and its value in use, is less than the carrying amount.

An impairment loss is recognised in profit or loss.

#### 4.12 Employee benefits

#### Short-term employee benefits

Salaries, wages, bonuses and contributions to the social security fund are recognised as expenses when incurred.

#### Post-employment benefits

#### Defined contribution plans

The Group and its employees have jointly established a provident fund. The fund is monthly contributed by employees and by the Group. The fund's assets are held in a separate trust fund and the Group's contributions are recognised as expenses when incurred.

#### Defined benefit plans

The Group has obligations in respect of the severance payments it must make to employees upon retirement under labor law. The Group treats these severance payment obligations as a defined benefit plan.

The obligation under the defined benefit plan is determined by a professionally qualified independent actuary based on actuarial techniques, using the projected unit credit method.

Actuarial gains and losses arising from defined benefit plans are recognised immediately in other comprehensive income.

Past service cost are recognised in profit or loss on the earlier of the date of the plan amendment or curtailment and the date that the Group recognises restructuring-related costs.

#### 4.13 Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the Group has a present obligation as a result of a past event, it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation, and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

#### 4.14 Income tax

Income tax expense represents the sum of corporate income tax currently payable and deferred tax.

# **Current tax**

Current income tax is provided in the accounts at the amount expected to be paid to the taxation authorities, based on taxable profits determined in accordance with tax legislation.

# **Deferred tax**

Deferred income tax is provided on temporary differences between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts at the end of each reporting period, using the tax rates enacted at the end of the reporting period.

The Group recognises deferred tax liabilities for all taxable temporary differences while they recognise deferred tax assets for all deductible temporary differences and tax losses carried forward to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profit will be available against which such deductible temporary differences and tax losses carried forward can be utilised.

At each reporting date, the Group reviews and reduces the carrying amount of deferred tax assets to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available to allow all or part of the deferred tax asset to be utilised.

The Group records deferred tax directly to shareholders' equity if the tax relates to items that are recorded directly to shareholders' equity.

# 4.15 Financial instruments

The Group initially measures financial assets at its fair value plus, in the case of financial assets that are not measured at fair value through profit or loss, transaction costs. However, trade receivables, that do not contain a significant financing component, are measured at the transaction price as disclosed in the accounting policy relating to revenue recognition.

#### **Classification and measurement of financial assets**

Financial assets are classified, at initial recognition, as to be subsequently measured at amortised cost, fair value through other comprehensive income ("FVOCI"), or fair value through profit or loss ("FVTPL"). The classification of financial assets at initial recognition is driven by the Group's business model for managing the financial assets and the contractual cash flows characteristics of the financial assets.

# Financial assets at amortised cost

The Group measures financial assets at amortised cost if the financial asset is held in order to collect contractual cash flows and the contractual terms of the financial asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

Financial assets at amortised cost are subsequently measured using the effective interest rate ("EIR") method and are subject to impairment. Gains and losses are recognised in profit or loss when the asset is derecognised, modified or impaired.

#### Financial assets at FVTPL

Financial assets measured at FVTPL are carried in the statement of financial position at fair value with net changes in fair value including interest income recognised in profit or loss.

These financial assets include derivatives, security investments held for trading, equity investments which the Group has not irrevocably elected to classify at FVOCI and financial assets with cash flows that are not solely payments of principal and interest.

Dividends on listed equity investments are recognised as other income in profit or loss.

#### **Classification and measurement of financial liabilities**

Except for derivative liabilities, at initial recognition the Group's financial liabilities are recognised at fair value net of transaction costs and classified as liabilities to be subsequently measured at amortised cost using the EIR method. Gains and losses are recognised in profit or loss when the liabilities are derecognised as well as through the EIR amortisation process. In determining amortised cost, the Group takes into account any fees or costs that are an integral part of the EIR. The EIR amortisation is included in finance costs in profit or loss.

#### **Derecognition of financial instruments**

A financial asset is primarily derecognised when the rights to receive cash flows from the asset have expired or have been transferred and either the Group has transferred substantially all the risks and rewards of the asset, or the Group has transferred control of the asset.

A financial liability is derecognised when the obligation under the liability is discharged or cancelled or expires. When an existing financial liability is replaced by another from the same lender on substantially different terms, or the terms of an existing liability are substantially modified, such an exchange or modification is treated as the derecognition of the original liability and the recognition of a new liability. The difference in the respective carrying amounts is recognised in profit or loss.

#### Impairment of financial assets

The Group recognises an allowance for expected credit losses ("ECLs") for all debt instruments not held at FVTPL. ECLs are based on the difference between the contractual cash flows due in accordance with the contract and all the cash flows that the Group expects to receive, discounted at an approximation of the original effective interest rate

For credit exposures for which there has not been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition, ECLs are provided for credit losses that result from default events that are possible within the next 12-months (a 12-month ECL). For those credit exposures for which there has been a significant increase in credit risk since initial recognition, a loss allowance is required for credit losses expected over the remaining life of the exposure (a lifetime ECL).

The Group considers a significant increase in credit risk to have occurred when contractual payments are more than 30 days past due and considers a financial asset as credit impaired or default when contractual payments are 90 days past due. However, in certain cases, the Group may also consider a financial asset to have a significant increase in credit risk and to be in default using other internal or external information, such as credit rating of issuers.

For trade receivables, the Group applies a simplified approach in calculating ECLs. Therefore, the Group does not track changes in credit risk, but instead recognises a loss allowance based on lifetime ECLs at each reporting date.

ECLs are calculated based on its historical credit loss experience and adjusted for forwardlooking factors specific to the debtors and the economic environment.

A financial asset is written off when there is no reasonable expectation of recovering the contractual cash flows.

#### Offsetting of financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset, and the net amount is reported in the statement of financial position if there is a currently enforceable legal right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, to realise the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously.

#### 4.16 Derivatives

The Group uses derivatives is forward currency contracts to hedge its foreign currency risks.

Derivatives are initially recognised at fair value on the date on which a derivative contract is entered into and are subsequently remeasured at fair value. The subsequent changes are recognised in profit or loss. Derivatives are carried as financial assets when the fair value is positive and as financial liabilities when the fair value is negative. Derivatives are presented as non-current assets or non-current liabilities if the remaining maturity of the instrument is more than 12 months and it is not due to be realised or settled within 12 months. Other derivatives are presented as current assets or current liabilities.

#### 4.17 Fair value measurement

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between buyer and seller (market participants) at the measurement date. The Group applies a quoted market price in an active market to measure their assets and liabilities that are required to be measured at fair value by relevant financial reporting standards. Except in case of no active market of an identical asset or liability or when a quoted market price is not available, the Group measures fair value using valuation technique that are appropriate in the circumstances and maximises the use of relevant observable inputs related to assets and liabilities that are required to be measured at fair value.

All assets and liabilities for which fair value is measured or disclosed in the financial statements are categorised within the fair value hierarchy into three levels based on categorise of input to be used in fair value measurement as follows:

- Level 1 Use of quoted market prices in an active market for such assets or liabilities
- Level 2 Use of other observable inputs for such assets or liabilities, whether directly or indirectly
- Level 3 Use of unobservable inputs such as estimates of future cash flows

At the end of each reporting period, the Group determines whether transfers have occurred between levels within the fair value hierarchy for assets and liabilities held at the end of the reporting period that are measured at fair value on a recurring basis.

#### 5. Significant accounting judgements and estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with financial reporting standards at times requires management to make subjective judgements and estimates regarding matters that are inherently uncertain. These judgements and estimates affect reported amounts and disclosures and actual results could differ from these estimates. Significant judgements and estimates are as follows:

# Allowance for expected credit losses of trade receivables

In determining an allowance for expected credit losses of trade receivables, the management needs to make judgement and estimates based upon, among other things, past collection history, aging profile of outstanding debts and the forecast economic condition for groupings of various customer segments with similar credit risks. The Group's historical credit loss experience and forecast economic conditions may also not be representative of whether a customer will actually default in the future.

# Allowance for diminution in value of inventories

In determining an allowance for diminution in value of inventories, the management needs to make judgment in estimating the loss that will be incurred on the sale of the inventories, taking into account net realisable value, aging profile of outstanding inventories and the stock conditions, among other factors.

# Property, plant and equipment and depreciation

In determining depreciation of plant and equipment, the management is required to make estimates of the useful lives and residual values of the Group's plant and equipment and to review estimate useful lives and residual values when there are any changes.

In addition, the management is required to review property, plant and equipment for impairment on a periodical basis and record impairment losses in the period when it is determined that their recoverable amount is lower than the carrying amount. This requires judgements regarding forecast of future revenues and expenses relating to the assets subject to the review.

#### Deferred tax assets

Deferred tax assets are recognised for deductible temporary differences and unused tax losses to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which the temporary differences and losses can be utilised. Significant management judgement is required to determine the amount of deferred tax assets that can be recognised, based upon the likely timing and level of estimate future taxable profits.

# Post-employment benefits under defined benefit plans

The obligation under the defined benefit plan is determined based on actuarial techniques. Such determination is made based on various assumptions, including discount rate, future salary increase rate, mortality rate and staff turnover rate.

# 6. Related party transactions

During the years, the Group had significant business transactions with related parties. Such transactions, which are summarised below, arose in the ordinary course of business and were concluded on commercial terms and bases agreed upon between the Group and those related parties.

			(Unit: Thousand Baht)		
	Consolidated		Separate		
	financial st	atements	financial st	tatements	
	2025	2024	2025	2024	Transfer Pricing Policy
Transactions with subsidiary company	ies				
(Eliminated from the consolidated financial statements)					
Sales of goods and service income	-	-	35,578	28,686	Sale of goods: Market price and cost plus a margin at rate of 5% Service income: Close to the market price
Purchases of goods and service	-	-	282	293	Market price and cost plus margin at a rate of 5%
Rental income	-	-	2,040	2,040	Contract price that close to the market price
Other service income	-	-	12,480	12,360	Accordance with the negotiation price
Dividend income	-	-	74,250	82,090	As approved by the Shareholders' Meeting and Board of Directors' Meeting
Sales of fixed assets	-	-	8	320	Accordance with the negotiation price
Transactions with associate					
Dividend income	-	-	-	11,515	As approved by the Shareholders' Meeting and Board of Directors' Meeting
Transactions with related companies					
Commission fee	7,050	7,763	-	-	Not over 2% of sales

As at 31 March 2025 and 2024, the balances of the accounts between the Group and those related companies are as follows:

			(Unit: Thousand Baht)		
	Consolidated		Sepa	rate	
	financial statements		financial statements		
	2025	2024	2025	2024	
Trade receivables - related parties (Note 8)					
Subsidiaries	-	-	8,407	8,497	
<u> Trade payables - related party (</u> Note 18)					
Subsidiary	-		29	32	
Other current payables - related party					
(Note 18)					
Associated company	1,472	1,808			
Directors and management's benefits					

During the years ended 31 March 2025 and 2024, the Group had employee benefit expenses payable to their directors and management as below.

# (Unit: Thousand Baht)

	Consolidated		Separate	
	financial statements		financial statements	
	2025 2024		2025	2024
Short-term employee benefits	58,715	51,069	27,415	24,137
Post-employment benefits	684	608	210	187
Total	59,399	51,677	27,625	24,324

#### 7. Cash and cash equivalents

#### (Unit: Thousand Baht)

	Consolidated		Separate	
	financial statements		financial statemen	
	2025	2024	2025	2024
Cash	140	140	70	70
Bank deposits	361,297	416,115	250,907	310,392
Total	361,437	416,255	250,977	310,462

As at 31 March 2025, bank deposits in saving accounts and fixed deposits carried interests between 0.30 and 0.90 percent per annum (2024: between 0.50 and 1.15 percent per annum).

# 8. Trade and other current receivables

# (Unit: Thousand Baht)

	Consolidated		Separate	
	financial st	tatements	financial s	tatements
	2025 2024		2025	2024
Trade receivables - related parties (Note 6)				
Aged on the basis of due dates				
Not yet due	-		8,407	8,497
Total trade receivables - related parties	-	-	8,407	8,497
Trade receivables - unrelated parties				
Aged on the basis of due dates				
Not yet due	462,342	376,434	174,791	139,434
Past due				
Up to 3 months	112,375	127,387	50,277	47,467
3 - 12 months	2,357	-	2,357	-
Over 12 months	2,967	2,967	200	200
Total	580,041	506,788	227,625	187,101
Less: Allowance for expected credit losses	(3,670)	(3,731)	(423)	(346)
Total trade receivables - unrelated parties				
- net	576,371	503,057	227,202	186,755
Total trade receivables - net	576,371	503,057	235,609	195,252
Other current receivables				
Other current receivables	205	72	83	72
Interest receivables	44	56	-	-
Receivables from selling of investments				
(Note 10)	307	-	-	
Total	556	128	83	72
Less: Allowance for expected credit losses				
(Note 10)	(277)			
Total other current receivables - net	279	128	83	72
Total trade and other current receivables				
- net	576,650	503,185	235,692	195,324

The normal credit term is 30 days to 120 days.

In 2024, certain trade receivable, amounting to approximately Baht 3.4 million, were writtenoff bad debt (2025: Nil).

# 9. Inventories

(Unit: Thousand Baht)

	Consolidated financial statements							
	Reduce cost to net							
	Cost		realisable	e value	Inventories - net			
	2025	2024	2025	2024	2025	2024		
Finished goods	452,929	401,948	(24,490)	(28,395)	428,439	373,553		
Raw materials	193,511	95,554	(1,488)	(672)	192,023	94,882		
Supplies	20,068	22,405	-	-	20,068	22,405		
Goods in transit	-	27,683	-	-	-	27,683		
Total	666,508	547,590	(25,978)	(29,067)	640,530	518,523		

(Unit: Thousand Baht)

	Separate financial statements								
	Reduce cost to net								
	Co	st	realisabl	e value	Inventories - net				
	2025	2024	2025	2024	2025	2024			
Finished goods	129,290	121,420	(11,866)	(18,766)	117,424	102,654			
Raw materials	174,939	84,969	(1,488)	(672)	173,451	84,297			
Supplies	12,485	13,002	-	-	12,485	13,002			
Goods in transit	-	7,550	-	-	-	7,550			
Total	316,714	226,941	(13,354)	(19,438)	303,360	207,503			

During the current year, the Group reversed the reduction of cost of inventories by Baht 3 million (2024: record the reduction of Baht 5 million) (the Company only: reversed the reduction of Baht 6 million (2024: record the reduction of Baht 6 million)), and reduced the amount of finished goods recognised as cost of sales during the year.

#### 10. Other current financial assets

	(Unit: Thousand Baht		
	Consolidated financial statements		
	2025 2024		
Investment in debt instruments designated at			
fair value through profit or loss			
Investment units in open-end fund	-	14,595	
Derivative			
Forward contracts		41	
Total other current financial assets	-	14,636	

NSC Metal Company Limited (Subsidiary) had investment in open-end fund which is a debt mutual fund. The fund focused on investing in debentures issued by the government or corporate, money market instrument and deposit. On 16 July 2024, the subsidiary sold all investment units in open-ended fund managed by an asset management company. However, on the same day, the asset management company announced the cancellation of the Asset Plus Fixed Income Daily Plus Fund (ASP-DPLUS). The subsidiary would receive a return from selling of all investment in open-ended approximately Baht 7.7 million, based on the net assets value (NAV) as at 16 July 2024 with planning to repay in installment, which will be fully repaid within April 2025. The subsidiary therefore classified such accounts as "Receivables from selling of investments" and recorded "allowance for expected credit losses", as described in Note 8 to the financial statements.

During the current year, the subsidiary received a refund from such asset management company in the amount of Baht 7.7 million.

# 11. Restricted bank deposits

As at 31 March 2025, the Group has fixed deposits with banks of Baht 46 million (2024: Baht 46 million) (the Company only: Baht 6.1 million, 2024: Baht 6.1 million) which are pledged with the banks to secure credit facilities as described in Note 28.5 to the consolidated financial statements.

# 12. Other non-current financial assets

	(Unit: Thousand Baht)		
	Consolidated financial statements		
	2025 2024		
Other non-current financial assets designated			
at fair value through profit or loss			
Industrial freehold and leasehold real estate			
investment trust	2,561	2,586	

# 13. Investment in associated company

#### 13.1 Details of associate

(Unit: Thousand Baht)

					Separate		Consoli	dated	
					financial statements		financial sta	atements	
	Nature of	Country of	Shareh	olding			Carrying	amount	
Company's name	business	incorporation	perce	percentage		Cost method		based on equity method	
			2025	2024	2025	2024	2025	2024	
			(%)	(%)					
Mory Lohakit									
(Thailand) Co., Ltd.	Agent	Thailand	49	49	4,900	4,900	10,232	8,023	

# 13.2 Share of profit and dividend received

			(Un	it: Thousand Baht)	
	Consolidated		Separate		
	financial statements		financial statements		
	Share of pr	ofit from			
Company's name	investment in	associate	Dividend received		
	2025	2024	2025	2024	
Mory Lohakit (Thailand) Co., Ltd.	2,209	2,460	-	11,515	

# 13.3 Summarised financial information about material associate

Summarised information about financial position

	(Unit: M	fillion Baht)
	2025	2024
Current assets	21.8	17.2
Current liabilities	(0.6)	(0.6)
Non-current liabilities	(0.3)	(0.2)
Net assets	20.9	16.4
Shareholding percentage (%)	49.0	49.0
Share of net assets	10.2	8.0
Carrying amounts of associates based on equity method	10.2	8.0

Summarised information of comprehensive income.

	(Unit: Million Baht)		
	For the years ended		
	31 March		
	2025	2024	
Revenue	7.1	7.8	
Profit	4.5	5.0	
Other comprehensive income	-	-	
Total comprehensive income	4.5	5.0	

# 14. Investments in subsidiaries

#### 14.1 Details of subsidiaries

Details of investments in subsidiaries as presented in separate financial statements are as follows:

									(Unit: Tho	usand Baht)
							Allowa	ance for	Carrying	amount
			Sharel	holding			impa	irment	base	ed on
Company's name	Paid-up	capital	percentage		e Cost method		of investment		cost method	
	2025	2024	2025	2024	2025	2024	2025	2024	2025	2024
	(Million	(Million	(%)	(%)						
	Baht)	Baht)								
Auto Metal Company Limited	240	240	60	60	144,000	144,000	-	-	144,000	144,000
Alternative EnMat										
Company Limited	6	6	100	100	5,499	5,499	(2,704)	(2,634)	2,795	2,865
NSC Metal Company Limited	230	230	100	100	258,238	258,238			258,238	258,238
Total					407,737	407,737	(2,704)	(2,634)	405,033	405,103

# 14.2 Dividend income

#### (Unit: Thousand Baht)

	Separate		
	financial statements		
Company's name	2025	2024	
Auto Metal Company Limited	59,760	71,280	
NSC Metal Company Limited	14,490	10,810	
Total	74,250	82,090	

#### Auto Metal Company Limited

On 19 June 2024, the Annual General Meeting of the shareholders of Auto Metal Company Limited (a subsidiary) passed a resolution to approve the payment of a dividend of Baht 42.00 per share from the operating results for the year ended 31 March 2024. The subsidiary already paid out the interim dividend of Baht 21.50 per share. The remaining dividend was Baht 20.50 per share, or totaling Baht 49.20 million, which were paid on 28 June 2024.

On 12 November 2024, a meeting of the Auto Metal Company Limited's Board of Directors approved the interim dividend payment to the subsidiary company's ordinary shareholders of Baht 21.00 per share, from the subsidiary company's operations as from 1 April 2024 to 30 September 2024. The subsidiary already paid the dividends by Baht 50.40 million on 9 December 2024.

#### NSC Metal Company Limited

On 19 June 2024, the Annual General Meeting of the shareholders of NSC Metal Company Limited (a subsidiary) passed a resolution to approve the payment of a dividend of Baht 4.30 per share from the operating results for the year ended 31 March 2024. The subsidiary already paid out the interim dividend of Baht 1.00 per share. The remaining dividend was Baht 3.30 per share, or totaling Baht 7.59 million, which were paid on 28 June 2024.

On 11 November 2024, a meeting of the NSC Metal Company Limited's Board of Directors approved the interim dividend payment to the subsidiary's ordinary shareholders of Baht 3.00 per share, from the subsidiary's operations as from 1 April 2024 to 30 September 2024. The subsidiary already paid the dividends by Baht 6.90 million on 9 December 2024.

# 15. Property, plant and equipment

(Unit: Thousand Baht)

	Consolidated financial statements								
		Buildings,					Assets under		
	Land and	fixtures and		Machinery	Furnitures		installation		
	land	buildings	Right of use	and	and office	Motor	and under		
	improvement	improvement	assets	equipment	equipment	vehicles	construction	Total	
Cost									
1 April 2023	194,022	448,469	9,640	912,806	19,862	65,666	1,158	1,651,623	
Acquisitions	-	125	1,594	7,937	501	-	506	10,663	
Disposals / write-off	-	(61)	-	(6,996)	(2,430)	(6,311)	-	(15,798)	
Transfer in (out)	-	44	-	462	-	-	(506)	-	
31 March 2024	194,022	448,577	11,234	914,209	17,933	59,355	1,158	1,646,488	
Acquisitions	-	270	799	5,958	237	11,481	2,286	21,031	
Disposals / write-off	-	-	-	(2,331)	(696)	(7,323)	-	(10,350)	
Transfer in (out)	-	108	-	1,970	-	-	(2,078)	-	
31 March 2025	194,022	448,955	12,033	919,806	17,474	63,513	1,366	1,657,169	
Accumulated depreciation									
1 April 2023	-	254,869	1,866	826,728	17,382	55,971	-	1,156,816	
Depreciation for the year	-	16,661	3,516	20,235	1,082	3,973	-	45,467	
Depreciation for disposals /									
write-off	-	(61)	-	(6,676)	(2,424)	(6,301)	-	(15,462)	
31 March 2024	-	271,469	5,382	840,287	16,040	53,643	-	1,186,821	
Depreciation for the year	-	16,614	3,639	18,240	742	4,040	-	43,275	
Depreciation for disposals /									
write-off	-		-	(2,323)	(695)	(7,323)	-	(10,341)	
31 March 2025	-	288,083	9,021	856,204	16,087	50,360	-	1,219,755	
Net book value									
31 March 2024	194,022	177,108	5,852	73,922	1,893	5,712	1,158	459,667	
31 March 2025	194,022	160,872	3,012	63,602	1,387	13,153	1,366	437,414	
Depreciation for the years									

Depreciation for the years

2024 (Baht 38 million included in manufacturing cost, and the balance in selling and administrative expenses)	45,467
2025 (Baht 36 million included in manufacturing cost, and the balance in selling and administrative expenses)	43,275

(Unit: Thousand Baht)

	Separate financial statements								
		Buildings,					Assets under		
	Land and	fixtures and	Right of use	Machinery	Furnitures		installation		
	land	buildings	assets -	and	and office	Motor	and under		
	improvement	improvement	Building	equipment	equipment	vehicles	construction	Total	
Cost									
1 April 2023	94,745	220,719	9,640	537,511	10,545	38,268	1,158	912,586	
Acquisitions	-	125	-	5,627	52	-	506	6,310	
Disposals / write-off	-	(61)	-	(6,651)	(1,500)	(5,132)	-	(13,344)	
Transfer in (out)	-	44	-	462	-	-	(506)	-	
31 March 2024	94,745	220,827	9,640	536,949	9,097	33,136	1,158	905,552	
Acquisitions	-	250	-	2,060	142	11,394	304	14,150	
Disposals / write-off	-	-	-	(2,323)	(557)	(2,791)	-	(5,671)	
Transfer in (out)	-	107	-	197	-	-	(304)	-	
31 March 2025	94,745	221,184	9,640	536,883	8,682	41,739	1,158	914,031	
Accumulated depreciation									
1 April 2023	-	140,911	1,866	463,726	9,263	34,622	-	650,388	
Depreciation for the year	-	6,073	3,222	14,848	464	1,649	-	26,256	
Depreciation for disposals /									
write-off	-	(61)	-	(6,651)	(1,494)	(5,122)		(13,328)	
31 March 2024	-	146,923	5,088	471,923	8,233	31,149	-	663,316	
Depreciation for the year	-	6,055	3,213	13,759	384	2,018	-	25,429	
Depreciation for disposals /									
write-off	-	-	-	(2,323)	(555)	(2,791)	-	(5,669)	
31 March 2025	-	152,978	8,301	483,359	8,062	30,376		683,076	
Net book value									
31 March 2024	94,745	73,904	4,552	65,026	864	1,987	1,158	242,236	
31 March 2025	94,745	68,206	1,339	53,524	620	11,363	1,158	230,955	
Depreciation for the years									

2025 (Baht 21 million included in manufacturing cost, and the balance in selling and administrative expenses)

2024 (Baht 22 million included in manufacturing cost, and the balance in selling and administrative expenses)

26,256

As at 31 March 2025, the Group has certain equipment items which have been fully depreciated but are still in use. The gross carrying amount (before deducting accumulated depreciation) of those assets amounted to approximately Baht 959 million (2024: Baht 942 million) (the Company only: Baht 563 million, 2024: Baht 553 million).

The Company and a subsidiary have mortgaged a part of their land with structures thereon and pledged a part of machinery with banks, and another subsidiary has mortgaged unit of condominium with bank to secure loans and other credit facilities granted to the Group by the banks as described in Note 28.5 to the consolidated financial statements. The book value of machinery of the Company and a subsidiary pledged with banks are summarised below:

			,	,
	Consol	Consolidated		rate
	financial st	atements	financial st	atements
	2025	2024	2025	2024
Cost	253	253	153	153
Net book value	-	-	-	-

# 16. Intangible assets

The net book value of intangible assets which are computer software as at 31 March 2025 and 2024 are presented below.

### (Unit: Thousand Baht)

(Unit: Million Baht)

	Consoli	dated	Separate		
	financial statements		ents financial sta		
	2025 2024		2025	2024	
Cost	23,987	22,321	15,091	15,023	
Less: Accumulated amortisation	(15,687)	(15,307)	(11,863)	(11,708)	
Net book value	8,300	7,014	3,228	3,315	

A reconciliations of the net book value of intangible assets for the years 2025 and 2024 are presented below.

		(Unit: Thousand			
	Consol	idated	Sepa	rate	
	financial statements		financial st	atements	
	2025	2024	2025	2024	
Net book value at the beginning					
of year	7,014	2,735	3,315	1,553	
Acquisitions during the year - at cost	1,666	4,624	68	1,917	
Amortisation	(380)	(345)	(155)	(155)	
Net book value at the end of year	8,300	7,014	3,228	3,315	

### 17. Bank overdrafts and short-term loans from banks

					(Unit: Thou	usand Baht)
	Intere	Interest rate (percent per annum)		idated	Separate financial statements	
	(percent p			atements		
	2025	2024	2025	2024	2025	2024
Bank overdrafts	1.80	-	14,868	-	-	-
Trust receipts	4.40 - 4.55	4.70 - 4.75	65,223	44,833	1,900	2,503
Total			80,091	44,833	1,900	2,503

Bank overdrafts, short-term loans from banks and trust receipts facilities are secured by the Group's land with structures thereon, unit of condominium, machinery and fixed deposit accounts and guarantees provided by the Company as described in Note 28.5 to the consolidated financial statements.

### 18. Trade and other current payables

			(Unit: Thousand Baht)		
	Consol	idated	Sepa	rate	
	financial st	atements	financial st	atements	
	2025	2024	2025	2024	
Trade payables - unrelated parties	412,334	363,118	219,907	163,276	
Trade payables - related party (Note 6)	-	-	29	32	
Other current payables - unrelated parties	16,190	16,401	7,565	6,821	
Other current payables - related party (Note 6)	1,472	1,808	-	-	
Accrued expenses	1,261	1,417	645	754	
Total	431,257	382,744	228,146	170,883	

### 19. Leases

The Group has entered into a lease agreement in respect of the office building space and motor vehicle. The term of the agreement are 3 years and 5 years, respectively.

#### Lease liabilities

			(Unit: Thousand Baht)		
	Consoli	dated	Separate		
	financial sta	atements	financial statements		
	2025	2024	2025	2024	
Lease payments	3,337	6,381	1,455	4,921	
Less: Deferred interest expenses	(168)	(284)	(15)	(153)	
Total	3,169	6,097	1,440	4,768	
Less: Current portion of lease liabilities	(1,907)	(3,631)	(1,440)	(3,328)	
Lease liabilities - net of current portion	1,262	2,466		1,440	

Movements of the lease liability account during the years ended 31 March 2025 and 2024 are summarised below:

			(Unit: Thousand Baht)			
	Consol	idated	Sepa	rate		
	financial st	atements	financial sta	atements		
	2025	2025 2024		2024		
Balance at the beginning of year	6,097	7,896	4,768	7,896		
Additions	799	1,594	-	-		
Accretion of interest	216	336	138	273		
Repayments	(3,943)	(3,729)	(3,466)	(3,401)		
Balance at the end of year	3,169	6,097	1,440	4,768		

Future minimum lease payments required under the lease agreements were as follows:

							(Unit: Th	ousand Baht)
		Consolidated fin	ancial statements		Separate financial statements			
		As at 31 M	/larch 2025			As at 31 M	March 2025	
	Less than 1 year	1 to 3 years	Over 3 years	Total	Less than 1 year	1 to 3 years	Over 3 years	Total
Lease liabilities	1,907	1,203	59	3,169	1,440	-		1,440
							(Unit: Th	ousand Baht)
		Consolidated fina	ancial statements		Separate financial statements			
		As at 31 M	/larch 2024			As at 31 M	March 2024	
	Less than				Less than			
	1 year	1 to 3 years	Over 3 years	Total	1 year	1 to 3 years	Over 3 years	Total
Lease liabilities	3,631	2,436	30	6,097	3,328	1,440	-	4,768

# Expenses relating to leases that are recognised in profit or loss

			(Unit: Thousand Baht)			
	Consolidated		Separate			
	financial st	tatements	financial statements			
_	2025	2024	2025	2024		
Depreciation expense of right-of-						
use assets	3,638	3,516	3,213	3,222		
Interest expense on lease liabilities	216	336	138	273		

### 20. Non-current provision for employee benefits

Non-current provision for employee benefits, which represents compensation payable to employees after they retire, was as follows:

			(Unit: Thou	sand Baht)
	Consolidated		Separate	
	financial st	tatements	financial st	atements
	2025	2024	2025	2024
Non-current provision for employee benefits				
at beginning of year	31,820	29,051	16,808	15,731
Included in profit or loss:				
Current service cost	2,314	2,172	1,239	1,228
Interest cost	923	877	487	480
Reversal of provision for employee benefits	-	(1)	-	-
Included in other comprehensive income:				
Remeasurement (gain) loss arising from			·	
Demographic assumptions changes	4	102	2	49
Financial assumptions changes	(1,601)	346	(863)	190
Experience adjustments	1,474	1,547	1,012	436
Total	(123)	1,995	151	675
Benefits paid during the year	(940)	(2,274)	(940)	(1,306)
Non-current provision for employee benefits				
at the end of year	33,994	31,820	17,745	16,808

The Group expects to pay Baht 3 million of non-current provision for employee benefits during the next year (2024: Baht 1 million) (the Company only: Baht 2 million, 2024: Baht 1 million).

As at 31 March 2025, the weighted average duration of the liabilities for employee benefits of monthly and daily employees are 6 - 13 years and 3 - 14 years (2024: 7 - 14 years and 4 - 15 years (the Company only: 11 years and 14 years, 2024: 12 years and 15 years).

Significant actuarial assumptions are summarised below:

			(Unit: Percent per annum)			
	Consolidated fina	incial statements	Separate finan	cial statements		
	2025	2024	2025	2024		
Discount rate	1.91 - 2.42	2.23 - 2.92	2.25 - 2.42	2.70 - 2.92		
Salary increase rate	4.00	4.00 - 5.00	4.00	4.00 - 5.00		
Staff turnover rate	0 - 37	0 - 46	0 - 37	0 - 46		

The result of sensitivity analysis for significant assumptions that affect the present value of the employee benefit obligation as at 31 March 2025 are summarised below:

			(Unit: I	Million Baht)
	Consolidated		Separate	
	financial s	tatements	financial statements	
	Increase	Decrease	Increase	Decrease
	0.5%	0.5%	0.5%	0.5%
Discount rate	(1.3)	1.4	(0.7)	0.7
Salary increase rate	1.3	(1.3)	0.7	(0.7)
Staff turnover rate	(1.4)	1.4	(0.7)	0.8

### 21. Statutory reserve

Pursuant to Section 116 of the Public Limited Companies Act B.E. 2535, the Company is required to set aside a statutory reserve at least 5 percent of its net profit after deducting accumulated deficit brought forward (if any), until the reserve reaches 10 percent of the registered capital. The statutory reserve is not available for dividend distribution.

At present, the statutory reserve of the Company has fully been set aside.

#### 22. Expenses by nature

Significant expenses classified by nature are as follows:

			(Unit: Tho	ousand Baht)
	Consolidated		Separate	
	financial s	statements	financial st	atements
	2025	2024	2025	2024
Salary and wages and other employee benefits	195,244	187,869	93,809	90,839
Depreciation	43,275	45,467	25,429	26,256
Amortisation	380	345	155	155
Raw materials used	1,581,909	1,521,048	933,416	772,874
Consumables used	27,563	24,905	20,189	18,282
Purchase of finished goods	652,770	639,228	-	-
Changes in inventories of finished goods	(50,981)	38,794	(7,870)	35,322
Reveral cost of inventories to net realisable				
value	(3,089)	(4,636)	(6,084)	(5,724)

### 23. Income tax

Income tax expenses for the years ended 31 March 2025 and 2024 are made up as follows:

			(Unit: Thou	isand Baht)
	Conso	lidated	Separate	
	financial s	tatements	financial st	tatements
	2025	2024	2025	2024
Current income tax:				
Current income tax charge	37,448	30,419	5,342	1,288
Deferred tax:				
Relating to origination and reversal of				
temporary differences	106	613	1,060	928
Income tax expenses reported in				
profit or loss	37,554	31,032	6,402	2,216

The amounts of income tax relating to each component of other comprehensive Income for the years ended 31 March 2025 and 2024 are as follows:

			(Unit: Thousand Baht		
	Consolidated		Separate		
	financial statements		financial statements		
	2025	2024	2025	2024	
Deferred tax on remeasurement gain (loss)					
on defined benefit plan	25	(399)	(30)	(135)	

The reconciliation between accounting profit and income tax expense is shown below.

			(Unit: Thousand Baht)		
	Conso	Consolidated		Separate	
	financial s	tatements	financial statements		
	2025	2024	2025	2024	
Accounting profit before tax	187,549	151,180	104,707	100,195	
Applicable tax rate	20%	20%	20%	20%	
Accounting profit before tax multiplied by					
applicable tax rate	37,510	30,236	20,941	20,039	
Effects of:					
Dividend income from subsidiaries and					
associate	-	-	(14,850)	(18,721)	
Non-deductible expenses	354	388	170	138	
Additional deductions expense allowed	(65)	(65)	(63)	(63)	
Unused tax loss	-	52	-	-	
Tax loss	(10)	-	-	-	
Others	(235)	421	204	823	
Total	44	796	(14,539)	(17,823)	
Income tax expenses reported in profit or loss	37,554	31,032	6,402	2,216	

The components of deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities are as follows:

### (Unit: Thousand Baht)

	Statements of financial position			
	Consoli	dated	Separ	rate
	financial sta	atements	financial statements	
	2025	2024	2025	2024
Deferred tax assets				
Allowance for impairment of investment in				
subsidiary	-	-	541	527
Allowance for expected credit losses	790	746	85	69
Allowance for diminution in value of inventories	5,196	5,814	2,671	3,888
Non-current provision for employee benefits	6,799	6,364	3,549	3,362
Lease liabilities	31	49	20	43
Total	12,816	12,973	6,866	7,889

(Unit: Thousand Baht)

	Statements of financial position			
	Consolio	dated	Separate	
	financial sta	atements	financial sta	atements
	2025	2024	2025	2024
Deferred tax liabilities				
Unrealised gain from fair value				
Measurement of other current financial assets	-	(20)	-	-
Unrealised gain from fair value measurement of				
other non-current financial assets	(24)	(29)	-	-
Unrealised gain from fair value measurement of				
forward contract	(8)	(9)	(8)	(1)
Total	(32)	(58)	(8)	(1)
Deferred tax assets - net	12,784	12,935	6,858	7,888
Deferred tax liabilities		20		-

As at 31 March 2025, a subsidiary has unused tax losses totaling Baht 1.2 million (2024: Baht 1.6 million), on which deferred tax assets have not been recognised as the subsidiary believes future taxable profits may not be sufficient to allow utilisation of the unused tax losses. The unused tax losses will expire within 2029 (2024: Expire within 2029).

### 24. Earnings per share

Basic earnings per share is calculated by dividing profit for the year attributable to equity holders of the Company (excluding other comprehensive income) by the weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue during the year.

The following table sets forth the computation of basic earnings per share:

	Consolidated financial statements		Separate financial statements	
	2025	2024	2025	2024
Profit attributable to equity holders of the				
Company (Thousand Baht)	105,806	79,007	98,305	97,979
Weighted average number of				
ordinary shares (Thousand Shares)	383,000	383,000	383,000	383,000
Earnings per share (Baht/share)	0.28	0.21	0.26	0.26

### 25. Segment information

Operating segment information is reported in a manner consistent with the internal reports that are regularly reviewed by the chief operating decision maker in order to make decisions about the allocation of resources to the segment and assess its performance. The chief operating decision maker has been identified as Managing Director.

For management purposes, the Group is organised into business units based on its products and services and have two reportable segments a as follows:

- Production and distribution
- Procurement and distribution

No operating segments have been aggregated to form the above reportable operating.

The chief operating decision maker monitors the operating results of the business units separately for the purpose of making decisions about resource allocation and assessing performance. Segment performance is measured based on operating profit or loss and on a basis consistent with that used to measure operating profit or loss and total assets in the financial statements.

The basis of accounting for any transactions between reportable segments is consistent with that for third party transactions.

The following tables present revenue and profit and total assets information regarding the Group's operating segments for the years ended 31 March 2025 and 2024.

(Unit:	Millior	n Baht)
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		For the y	/ear ended 31 Marcl	h 2025	
	Production and	Procurement and	Total reportable		
	distribution	distribution	segments	Eliminations	Consolidated
Revenue					
Revenue from external customers	2,000	690	2,690	-	2,690
Inter-segment revenue	36		36	(36)	
Total revenues	2,036	690	2,726	(36)	2,690
Operating result					
Segment profit	277	52	329	-	329
Other income					28
Selling and distribution expenses					(52)
Administrative expenses					(115)
Share of profit from investment					
in associate accounted for					
by the equity method					2
Finance cost					(4)
Income tax expenses					(38)
Profit for the year					150
Segment total assets	1,669	441	2,110	(4)	2,106
Investment in associate accounted					
for by the equity method	10	-	10	-	10
Reduction to non-current assets					
other than financial instruments					
and deferred tax assets	(21)	-	(21)	-	(21)

(Unit:	Million	Baht)
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	For the year ended 31 March 2024							
	Production and	Procurement and	Total reportable					
	distribution	distribution	segments	Eliminations	Consolidated			
Revenue								
Revenue from external customers	1,954	678	2,632	-	2,632			
Inter-segment revenue	29		29	(29)				
Total revenues	1,983	678	2,661	(29)	2,632			
Operating result								
Segment profit	241	49	290	-	290			
Other income					26			
Selling and distribution expenses					(52)			
Administrative expenses					(111)			
Share of profit from investment								
in associate accounted for								
by the equity method					2			
Finance cost					(4)			
Income tax expenses					(31)			
Profit for the year					120			
Segment total assets	1,592	407	1,999	(3)	1,996			
Investment in associate accounted								
for by the equity method	8	-	8	-	8			
Reduction to non-current assets								
other than financial instruments								
and deferred tax assets	(31)	-	(31)	-	(31)			

The Group carries on operations in the main geographic area in Thailand with gained revenue from domestic sales and services. As a result, all of revenues and assets as reflected in these financial statements pertain exclusively to this geographical reportable segment.

### Major customers

For the year 2024, the Group has revenue from 1 major customer amounting to Baht 311 million. (2025: Nil)

### 26. Provident fund

The Company, its subsidiaries and their employees have jointly established a provident fund in accordance with the Provident Fund Act B.E. 2530. Employees, the Company and its subsidiaries contributed to the fund monthly at the rates of 5 to 15 percent of basic salary and the employee contributed to the fund monthly at the rate of 5 percent of basic salary. The fund, which is managed by SCB Asset Management Co., Ltd. will be paid to employees upon termination in accordance with the fund rules. The contributions for the year 2025 amounting to approximately Baht 4 million (2024: Baht 4 million) (the Company only: Baht 2 million, 2024: Baht 2 million) were recognised as expenses.

### 27. Dividends

Dividends	Approved by	Total dividends	Dividend per share
		(Million Baht)	(Baht)
Dividends for the year ended	Annual General Meeting of		
31 March 2024	the shareholders on		
(net of interim dividend payment)	24 July 2024	42.13	0.11
Interim dividends for the year	The Board of Directors' Meeting		
ended 31 March 2025	on 13 November 2024	45.96	0.12
Total dividends paid during the year	ended 31 March 2025	88.09	0.23
Dividends for the year ended	Annual General Meeting of		
31 March 2023	the shareholders on		
(net of interim dividend payment)	26 July 2023	34.47	0.09
Interim dividends for the year	The Board of Directors' Meeting		
ended 31 March 2024	on 13 November 2023	53.62	0.14
Total dividends paid during the year	ended 31 March 2024	88.09	0.23

#### 28. Commitments and contingent liabilities

#### 28.1 Capital commitments

As at 31 March 2025, the Group had capital commitments of approximately Baht 1.2 million (2024: Baht 2.5 million), relating to the implementation of computer software.

#### 28.2 Other service commitment

As at 31 March 2025, a subsidiary had commitments of approximately Baht 2 million relating to a technical assistance service agreement and other agreements (2024: Baht 4 million).

### 28.3 Other commitments

As at 31 March 2025, the Company had outstanding commitments of Baht 4.5 million (2024: Baht 4.5 million) in respect of uncalled portion of investment in a subsidiary.

### 28.4 Guarantees

As at 31 March 2025, the Company has guaranteed bank credit facilities for a subsidiary amounting to Baht 350 million (2024: Baht 350 million).

### 28.5 Credit facilities

As at 31 March 2025, the Group has been granted credit facilities by various banks for which they have placed collaterals, as follows:-

# The Company

- Letters of credit, trust receipts, guarantees and short-term loan facilities totaling Baht 1,462 million, of which totaling Baht 2 million (2024: Baht 14 million) of the utilised amount. These credit facilities are secured by the mortgage of the Company's land with structures thereon and a part of machinery.
- Overdraft facilities of Baht 30 million, have not yet been utilised (2024: have not yet been utilised). These credit facilities are secured by the mortgage of the Company's land with structures thereon, machinery and the fixed deposits account.
- Forward foreign exchange contract facilities of Baht 1,000 million, of which totaling Baht
  2 million (2024: Baht 6 million) of the utilised amount. These credit facilities are secured
  by the mortgage of the Company's land with structures thereon and a part of machinery.

# A subsidiary

- Letters of credit, trust receipts, guarantees and short-term loan facilities totaling Baht 300 million, of which totaling Baht 2 million (2024: Baht 3 million) of the utilised amount. These credit facilities are secured by the mortgage of the subsidiary's land with structures thereon and a part of machinery.
- Overdraft facilities of Baht 10 million, have not yet been utilised (2024: have not yet been utilised). These credit facilities are secured by the mortgage of the subsidiary's land with structures thereon.
- Forward foreign exchange contract facilities of Baht 200 million, have Baht 0.1 million utilised (2024: have not yet been utilised). These credit facilities are secured by the mortgage of the subsidiary's land with structures thereon and a part of machinery.

# A subsidiary

- Letters of credit, trust receipts, guarantees and short-term loan facilities totaling Baht 506 million, of which totaling Baht 72 million (2024: Baht 72 million) of the utilised amount. These credit facilities are secured by the mortgage of the subsidiary's unit of condominium which is the subsidiary's office, the subsidiary's fixed deposit accounts and a guarantee provided by the Company.
- Overdraft facilities of Baht 60 million, of which totaling Baht 15 million utilised (2024: have not been utilised) of the utilised amount. These credit facilities are secured by the subsidiary's fixed deposit accounts and a guarantee provided by the Company.
- Forward foreign exchange contract facilities, comprising USD 11.7 million (equivalent to Baht 399 million) and Baht 115 million, or a total approximately Baht 514 million, have not been utilised (2024: of which USD 0.10 million of the utilised amount (equivalent to Baht 4 million)).

# A subsidiary

- Letters of credit, trust receipts, guarantees and short-term loan facilities totaling Baht 22 million, have not yet been utilised (2024: have not yet been utilised).
- Overdraft facilities of Baht 5 million, have not yet been utilised (2024: have not yet been utilised).
- Forward foreign exchange contract facilities of Baht 30 million, have not yet been utilised (2024: have not yet been utilised).

Such credit facilities above totaling Baht 57 million, guaranteed by the Company of Baht 30 million.

### 29. Fair value hierarchy

As at 31 March 2025 and 2024, the Group had the assets and liabilities that were measured at fair value or for which fair value was disclosed using different levels of inputs as follows:

(Unit: Million Baht)

	Consolidated Financial Statements as at						
		31 March 2025					
	Level 1	Total					
Assets measured at fair value							
Other non-current financial assets							
Investments in marketable units	3	-	-	3			

	(Unit: Million Baht) Consolidated Financial Statements as at 31 March 2025				
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total	
Liabilities measured at fair value					
Other current liabilities					
Forward contracts	-	0.01	-	0.01	
			(Unit: N	/lillion Baht)	
	Conso	lidated Finan	cial Statements	s as at	
		31 Mar	ch 2024		
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total	
Assets measured at fair value					
Other current financial assets					
Investment units in open-end fund	-	15	-	15	
Other non-current financial assets					
Investments in marketable units	3	-	-	3	
Liabilities measured at fair value					
Other current liabilities					
Forward contracts	-	0.01	-	0.01	
			(Linit: N	/lillion Baht)	
	Sen	arate Financi:	al Statements a		
	Copt		ch 2025		
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total	
Liabilities measured at fair value					
Other current liabilities					
Forward contracts	-	0.01	_	0.01	
		0.01		0.01	
			(Unit: M	/lillion Baht)	
	Sepa	arate Financia	al Statements a	is at	
		31 Mar	ch 2024		
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total	
Liabilities measured at fair value					
Other current liabilities					
Forward contracts	-	0.1	-	0.1	

### 30. Financial instruments

### 30.1 Derivatives not designated as hedging instruments

			(Unit: Thousand Bah		
	Consolidated		Separate		
	financial st	atements	financial statements		
	2025	2024	2025	2024	
Derivative liabilities					
Foreign exchange forward contracts	11	5	11	47	

The Group uses foreign exchange forward contracts to manage some of its transaction exposures. The contracts are entered into for periods consistent with foreign currency exposure of the underlying transactions, generally from 1 month to 3 months.

The Group has outstanding balance of forward foreign exchange contracts which reduce the exchange rate risk advising from their financial liabilities dominated in foreign currency with the mature within one year. The details are summarised below.

			Contractual exchange rate		Contractual
Foreign currency	Bought amount	Sold amount	Bought	Sold	maturity date
	(Million)	(Million)	(Baht per 1 foreigr	n currency unit)	
<u>As at 31 March 2025</u>					
Japanese Yen	0.60	-	0.2278	-	2 April 2025
SG Dallar	0.07	-	25.45	-	3 April 2025
<u>As at 31 March 2024</u>					
US Dollar	0.26	-	35.80 - 36.58	-	25 June 2025 and
					1 July 2025

### 30.2 Financial risk management objectives and policies

The Group's financial instruments principally comprise cash and cash equivalents, trade and other current receivables, investments, restricted bank deposits, bank overdrafts and shortterm loans from banks, and trade and other current payables. The financial risks associated with these financial instruments and how they are managed is described below.

### Credit risk

The Group is exposed to credit risk primarily with respect to trade and other current receivables, deposits with banks, and other financial instruments. The maximum exposure to credit risk is limited to the carrying amounts as stated in the statement of financial position.

The management manages to maintain this risk at low level by adopting appropriate credit control policies and procedures and credit term is short-term. Therefore does not expect to incur material financial losses. In addition, the Group does not have high concentrations of credit risk since it has a large customer base. However, the maximum exposure to credit risk is limited to the carrying amounts as stated in the statement of financial position.

### Trade receivables

The Group manages the risk by adopting appropriate credit control policies and procedures and therefore does not expect to incur material financial losses. Outstanding trade receivables are regularly monitored. In addition, the Group does not have high concentrations of credit risk since it has a large customer base in various industries.

An impairment analysis is performed at each reporting date to measure expected credit losses. The provision rates are based on days sale of goods for groupings of various customer segments with similar credit risks. The Group classifies customer segments by customer type and rating, past experience, and future forecast of economic which may impact. The calculation reflects the probability-weighted outcome, the time value of money and reasonable and supportable information that is available at the reporting date about past events, current conditions and forecasts of future economic conditions. Generally, trade receivables are written-off when the Company has taken final result of legal action against trade receivable.

### Financial instruments and cash deposits

The Group manages the credit risk from balances with banks by making investments only with approved counterparties and within credit limits assigned to each counterparty.

The credit risk on debt instruments and derivatives is low because the counterparties are banks with high credit-ratings assigned by international credit-rating agencies.

# Market risk

There are three types of market risk comprising foreign currency risk, interest rate risk, and commodity price risk.

# Foreign currency risk

The Group's exposure to the foreign currency risk relates primarily to its purchases and receive services or sales transactions that are denominated in foreign currencies. The Group seeks to reduce this risk by entering into foreign exchange forward contracts when it considers appropriate. Generally, the forward contracts mature within one year.

	Financial assets		Financial liabilities		Average exch	ange rate
Foreign currency	as at 31	March	as at 31 March		as at 31 M	March
	2025	2024	2025	2024	2025	2024
	(Million)	(Million)	(Million)	(Million)	(Baht per 1 foreigr	n currency unit)
US Dollar	0.05	0.06	-	0.41	33.70	36.42
Japanese Yen	0.50	0.50	0.60	0.73	0.2268	0.2405
SG Dollar	-	-	0.07	0.06	25.56	27.31

The balances of financial assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are summarised below.

#### Interest rate risk

The Group's exposure to interest rate risk relates primarily to its cash at banks, bank overdrafts and short-term loans. Most of the Group's financial assets and liabilities are shortterm, with floating interest rates or fixed interest rates which are close to the market rate.

As at 31 March 2025 and 2024, significant financial assets and liabilities classified by type of interest rate are summarised in the table below, with those financial assets and liabilities that carry fixed interest rates further classified based on the maturity date, or the repricing date if this occurs before the maturity date.

				<b>(</b> -	nit. Willion Dant)			
Consolidated financial statements as at 31 March 2025								
Fixed in	terest rate							
Within		Floating	Non-interest		Effective			
1 year	1 - 5 years	interest rate	bearing	Total	interest rate			
					(% p.a.)			
2	-	18	341	361	Note 7			
-	-	-	577	577	-			
46	-	-	-	46	0.30 - 0.90			
-	-	-	3	3				
48	-	18	921	987	_			
80	-	-	-	80	Note 17			
-	-	-	431	431	-			
2	1	-	-	3	4.22 - 4.73			
82	1	-	431	514	_			
	Within 1 year 2 - 46 - 48 80 - 2	Fixed interest rate      Within    1 year    1 - 5 years      2    -    -      2    -    -      46    -    -      46    -    -      48    -    -      80    -    -      2    1    -	Fixed interest rate      Floating        Within      1 - 5 years      interest rate        2      -      18        -      -      -        46      -      -        -      -      -        48      -      18        80      -      -        2      1      -	Fixed interest rate      Floating      Non-interest        1 year      1 - 5 years      interest rate      bearing        2      -      18      341        -      -      577        46      -      -        -      -      3        48      -      18      921        80      -      -      431        2      1      -      -	Consolidated financial statements as at 31 March 2025        Fixed interest rate      Floating      Non-interest        1 year      1 - 5 years      interest rate      bearing      Total        2      -      18      341      361        -      -      577      577        46      -      -      46        -      -      3      3        48      -      18      921      987        80      -      -      80      -      80        -      -      431      431      2      1      -      3			

(Unit: Million Baht)

(Unit: Million Baht)

	Fixed interest rate							
	Within		Floating	Non-interest		Effective		
	1 year	1 - 5 years	interest rate	bearing	Total	interest rate		
						(% p.a.)		
Financial assets								
Cash and cash equivalents	2	-	16	398	416	Note 7		
Trade and other current receivables	-	-	-	503	503	-		
Other current financial assets	-	-	-	15	15	-		
Restricted bank deposits	46	-	-	-	46	0.95 - 1.15		
Other non-current financial assets		-	-	3	3			
	48	-	16	919	983			
Financial liabilities						-		
Short-term loans from banks	45	-	-	-	45	Note 17		
Trade and other current payables	-	-	-	383	383	-		
Lease liabilities	4	2	-	-	6	4.22 - 4.61		
	49	2	-	383	434	-		
				•		_		

Consolidated financial statements as at 31 March 2024

(Unit: Million Baht)

Separate financial statements as at 31 March 2025							
Fixed inte	erest rate						
Within		Floating	Non-interest		Effective		
1 year	1 - 5 years	interest rate	bearing	Total	interest rate		
					(% p.a.)		
2	-	4	245	251	Note 7		
-	-	-	236	236	-		
6		-	-	6	0.30 - 0.90		
8		4	481	493	_		
2	-	-	-	2	Note 17		
-	-	-	228	228	-		
1				1	4.22		
3			228	231	_		
	Within 1 year 2 - 6 8 2 - 1	1 year      1 - 5 years        2      -        -      -        6      -        8      -        2      -        1      -	WithinFloating interest rate1 year1 - 5 yearsFloating interest rate2-468-421	WithinFloatingNon-interest1 year1 - 5 yearsinterest ratebearing2-424523668-422-23622-2361	Within      Floating      Non-interest        1 year      1 - 5 years      interest rate      bearing      Total        2      -      4      245      251        -      -      236      236        6      -      -      6        8      -      4      481      493        2      -      -      2      6        1      -      -      1      1		

(Unit: Million Baht)

	Separate financial statements as at 31 March 2024							
	Fixed int	erest rate						
	Within		Floating	Non-interest		Effective		
	1 year	1 - 5 years	interest rate	bearing	Total	interest rate		
						(% p.a.)		
Financial assets								
Cash and cash equivalents	2	-	4	304	310	Note 7		
Trade and other current receivables	-	-	-	195	195	-		
Restricted bank deposits	6	-	-	-	6	0.95 - 1.15		
	8	-	4	499	511			
Financial liabilities						-		
Short-term loans from banks	3	-	-	-	3	Note 17		
Trade and other current payables	-	-	-	171	171	-		
Lease liabilities	4	1	-	-	5	4.22		
	7	1	-	171	179			

### Commodity price risk

The Group is affected by the price volatility of certain commodities at low level. Its operating activities require the ongoing purchase of raw materials to be converted and distributed as metal and non-metal products on demand of the Group's customers, and therefore continuous supply of the raw materials is required. However, the Group has established a risk management strategy for commodity price risk and its mitigation by adjusting the selling price to reflect costs of raw materials, and therefore is able to manage the commodity risk to be low.

#### Liquidity risk

The Group's risk of a shortage of liquidity is low because its current assets exceed total liabilities and the Group access to a sufficient variety of sources of funding.

The Group's financial liabilities as at 31 March 2025 and 2024 are all due within 1 year.

#### 30.3 Fair values of financial instruments

Since the majority of the Group's financial instruments are short-term in nature or carrying interest at rates close to the market interest rates, their fair value is not expected to be materially different from the amounts presented in the statement of financial position.

### 31. Capital management

The primary objective of the Group capital management is to ensure that they have appropriate capital structure in order to support their business and maximise shareholders value. As at 31 March 2025, the Group's total debt-to-equity ratio was 0.38:1 (2024: 0.32:1) and the Company's total debt-to-equity ratio was 0.21:1 (2024: 0.17:1).

### 32. Events after the reporting period

- 32.1 On 23 May 2025, the meeting of the Board of Directors of Mory Lohakit (Thailand) (an associated) passed a resolution to propose for approval by the Annual General Meeting of the associate's shareholders to pay the dividend from retained earnings as at 31 March 2024, and operating results for the year ended 31 March 2025 to the associate's shareholders of Baht 99 per share, or a total of Baht 9.9 million.
- 32.2 On 26 May 2025, the meeting of the Board of Directors of NSC Metal Company Limited (a subsidiary) passed a resolution to propose for approval by the Annual General Meeting of the subsidiary's shareholders to pay the dividend from operating results for the year ended 31 March 2025 to the subsidiary's shareholders of Baht 5.40 per share, or totaling Baht 12.42 million. However, by the resolution of the meeting of the subsidiary's Board of Directors held on 11 November 2024, the subsidiary had paid out the interim dividend of Baht 3.00 per share, or totaling Baht 6.90 million. The subsidiary already paid interim dividend on 9 December 2024. The remaining dividend is Baht 2.40 per share, or totaling Baht 5.52 million.
- 32.3 On 28 May 2025, the meeting of the Board of Directors of Auto Metal Company Limited (a subsidiary) passed a resolution to propose for approval by the Annual General Meeting of the subsidiary's shareholders to pay the dividend from operating results for the year ended 31 March 2025 to the subsidiary's shareholders of Baht 42 per share, or totaling Baht 100.80 million. However, by the resolution of the meeting of the subsidiary's Board of Directors held on 12 November 2024, the subsidiary had paid out the interim dividend of Baht 21 per share, or totaling Baht 50.40 million. The subsidiary already paid interim dividend on 9 December 2024. The remaining dividend is Baht 21 per share, or totaling Baht 50.40 million.

32.4 On 29 May 2025, the meeting of the Company's Board of Directors passed a resolution to propose for approval by the Annual General Meeting of the Company's shareholders to pay the dividend from operating results for the year ended 31 March 2025 to the Company's shareholders of Baht 0.25 per share, or totaling Baht 95.75 million. However, by the resolution of the meeting of the Company's Board of Directors held on 13 November 2024, the Company had paid out the interim dividend of Baht 0.12 per share, or totaling Baht 45.96 million. The Company already paid interim dividend on 9 December 2024. The remaining dividend is Baht 0.13 per share, or totaling Baht 49.79 million.

### 33. Approval of consolidated financial statements

These consolidated financial statements were authorised for issue by the Company's Board of Directors on 29 May 2025.